PacketCheck[™] - Software Ethernet Tester



Overview

GL's PacketCheck[™] is a complete PC based Ethernet / IP test tool that provides multi stream capabilities with BERT, Throughput and Delay, and Impairment testing features with on-demand bandwidth (up to 500 Mbps). It is very easy to use as a general purpose network performance analysis tool for 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps and 1 Gbps LANs and WANs. Throughput up to 500 Mbps can be easily tested.

The application truly takes confusion out of Ethernet testing at all protocol layers - from raw Ethernet frames to Stacked VLAN, Stacked MPLS, and IP/UDP packets. PacketCheck[™] makes use of PC's network interface card (NIC) to transmit and receive Ethernet or IP packets over the network.

The application measures end-to-end performance such as Bit Error Rate, Bit Error Count, Total Packets, Packet Loss, Out-of-Sequence Packets, Errored Packets, Round Trip Delay, and One Way Delay (within the same PC). Additional features include transmission of prerecorded file traffic, recording per stream traffic to file, GTP traffic simulation, traffic generation with IFG (Inter Frame Gap) of up to 5 msec accuracy, impairment generation, and BER testing capability with provision to generate PRBS patterns or user-defined test patterns. Supports recording of the user defined stream traffic to a PCAP (PCAPNG/NTAR) or HDL (GL Proprietary) file format and playback the pre-recorded traffic from a PCAP (PCAPNG/NTAR) or HDL (GL Proprietary) file format.

For more information, refer to <u>PacketCheck[™] - Software Ethernet/IP Tester</u> webpage.

Main Features

- Capability to test Ethernet traffic of up to 500 Mbps bandwidth. Supports minimum line rate of 64 Bps
- Generate/receive Ethernet or IP traffic of up to 500 Mbps bandwidth
- Supports minimum line rate of 64bps (bits per second)
- Generate full duplex traffic at any of the four layers (Layer1, Layer2 (Ethernet) with stacked VLAN/ MPLS, Layer3 (IPv4), Layer4 (UDP)) with on-demand bandwidth
- Capture stream traffic in PCAP (PCAPNG/NTAR) or HDL file format
- Playback pre-recorded traffic from PCAP (PCAPNG/NTAR) or HDL file format
- Provides options to record unidentified network traffic which does not belongs to any user defined stream into a PCAP (PCAPNG/ NTAR) or HDL file format and analyze the recorded traffic in Wireshark or PacketScan[™] application
- Supports stacked VLAN (up to 3 stacks) and customizable stacked MPLS (up to 3 stacks)
- Measures throughput, round trip delay, one-way delay, total packets, packet loss, out of sequence frames, error frames, correct pattern frames
- BER Testing Bit Error Rate, Sync Loss Count, Bit Error Count, PRBS Pattern Generation/Verification of various patterns like QRSS, 2⁶-1, 2⁹-1, 2¹¹-1, 2¹⁵-1, 2²⁰-1, and 2²³-1
- Run-time impairments generation of various types including Insert/Delete Bytes, and Byte Level Impairments (AND, OR, XOR)
- Jumbo frames also supported (depending on the NIC card support for Jumbo frames)
- Stream-wise statistics and common statistics for all the streams are displayed
- Powerful Report Generation feature to generate reports in CSV/PDF formats

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Main Features (Contd.)

- Create multiple full-duplex streams per PacketCheck[™] easily
- Each stream can be configured as Transmit Only, Receive Only, or Transmit and Receive
- Ability to copy from one stream to another (both one-to-one copy and one-to-many copy) to quickly configure multiple streams
- Ability to resolve IP Address to MAC address (based on Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)) for all streams with a single click, so that all streams are configured properly before starting the test
- Populate switch/router MAC tables and routing tables using the Resolve all streams feature before the starting the test to avoid unnecessary flooding
- Independently define each stream to operate as Layer 2 (Ethernet) or Layer 3 (IP) or Layer 4 (UDP)
- For Layer 3 or Layer 4 streams, analyzes the received payload based on the IP or UDP length and ignore any MAC padded bytes added in transit
- Define the frame size/rate to be generated for each stream Independently
- Jumbo frames are supported, in addition to all normal frame sizes from 64 bytes to 1518 bytes
- Up to 500 Mbps total combined rate (all streams combined) is possible
- Ability to append Zero-Padding bytes to outgoing frames to test router interoperability with packet sizes less than 60 bytes, ensuring that routers handle small packets correctly.
- The transmission rate can be configured to operate in 2 modes Burst mode or Inter Frame Gap (IFG) mode
- In Burst mode, each stream's rate can be set in Mbps, Kbps, etc.
- Burst mode tries to generate traffic with the configured rate, but also as smoothly and evenly distributed so that the Device Under Test (DUT) node buffers do not overflow due to a temporary spike in the peak traffic
- In IFG mode, the Inter Frame gap in milliseconds can be configured. The estimated rate achievable based on the IFG and the frame size is displayed for user convenience
- Use a full-featured version or a loopback only version (with address swapping) at node endpoints
- Capability to generate/respond to ARP requests, making it easy to work with Routers
- Measure One-Way Delay (OWD) or Round Trip Delay (RTD) automatically
- Provides user configurable Packet Length for OWD and RTD
- Support to configure IP Protocol Type from 0 to 255
- Multiple Instances run multiple instances on a single PC to utilize all available NIC cards

Applications

- Create multiple streams of traffic for network testing from layer 2, 3, or 4
- Bit Error Rate Testing for checking networks for dropped packets, out-of-order, non-test frames, and so on. Write packet errors to an error log
- Determine Round Trip Delay (RTD) between two IP addresses or two Ethernet MAC addresses with microsecond accuracy
- Determine One Way Delay (OWD) between two NIC cards on the test PC with microseconds accuracy
- Record test traffic in binary and/or PCAPNG or NTAR file format
- Playback PCAPNG files for test traffic generation. Either recorded from test BERT traffic or recorded traffic of interest
- Record non-test packets to a PCAPNG file. i.e. Non-BERT traffic related packets



Ethernet BER Testing At Layer 1

The physical layer abbreviated as "PHY" is the only layer over OSI model where data is physically moved across the network interface. PacketCheck™ can be configured to Layer 1 BER testing automatically by setting other layers to None.

Two PCs are connected using Ethernet cable for Layer 1 testing:

PacketCheck[™] configuration for Layer1 BER Testing is as depicted below, can test the basic packet flow over the physical connection.



At Layer 2

The bridges, switches, and network interface cards (NIC) work at Layer 2 (Data Link) and handle physical addressing, packing data into frames, and sequencing data frames. The Layer 2 consists of Logical Link Control (LLC) and Media Access Control (MAC) sub-layers, which route the packets based on the MAC address. So, only the MAC addresses need to be configured for layer 2 testing. This test is performed in order to:

- Test the capability of the switch to handle the MAC frames at various bandwidths
- Test the forwarding capacity of the switch (based on the MAC addresses)
- Measure the ability of the switch to deliver the frames in sequence
- Verify incoming data by analyzing bit patterns of the received frames

Scenario 1

Source and Destination PC in the same LAN, connected through a single switch.



Scenario 2

Source and Destination PC located at different LANs connected through multiple switches.



Ethernet BER Testing (Contd.) Layer 2 Ethernet Testing with Stacked VLAN

Stacked VLAN ID feature can be used to simulate the Carrier Ethernet condition shown in the figure, where SP VLAN ID is stacked on top of CE VLAN ID.



Layer 2.5 Stacked MPLS Testing

Stacked MPLS (upto 3 levels) is supported. Various combinations tests such as single MPLS, multiple MPLS, VLAN + MPLS can be tested for both single and multiple streams.



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Ethernet BER Testing (Contd.)

At Layer 3

PacketCheck[™] supports BER testing at Layer 3 as well as at Layer 4.

The Network Layer (Layer 3) uses routing technologies to connect various systems within a network or to connect multiple networks together through Gateways.

In Layer 3 testing, packets are routed between the Source and Destination PCs based on both the IP address and MAC address. So, both the MAC address and the IP address have to be configured for Layer 3 testing.

Since IP networks encompass various types of physical networks consisting of LAN and WAN links, there is lot of scope for packet modification, packet loss, and out of order packets. GL's PacketCheck™ helps measure these metrics of the IP network.

Scenario 1

Source and Destination PC are located within the same IP network, and hence are directly reachable.



Scenario 2

Source and Destination PC are located at different IP networks, and are connected through routers.



At Layer 4

The Transport Layer (Layer 4) provides end-to-end, error-free reliable data transfer. TCP and UDP are the most common Layer 4 protocols. For Layer 4 testing, source and destination UDP ports need to be configured in addition to MAC and IP addresses.

Interface Selection and Details

The MAC address and IP address of the available network cards in a PC are automatically displayed using I/F (Interface) selection option in the GUI.

In **"Normal"** mode, application can be configured to perform "Tx" | "Rx" | "Tx and Rx" on multiple streams. In **"Loopback"** mode the packets (layer 2/3/4) received from a device (DUT) are transmitted back to the same device without any modifications of the pattern.

Pac	ketCheck - Initial config	>			
	Mode Selection Normal C Loopback				
I/F Selection	igabit Network Connection [192.168.1.21]	Ŧ			
	Start Packet Check				
Name	e \Device\NPF_{BAE9F116-99EF-44CB-9				
Description	Intel(R) 82578DC Gigabit Network Conne				
MAC Address	70-71-bc-e3-4a-ba				
IP Address	192.168.1.21				
Link Type	Ethernet (802.3)				
Current Link Speed	100 Mbps				
Max Payload Size	1500 bytes				
Media State	Connected				

Figure: PacketCheck[™] initial Config

Stream Type

This option allows to select File Based or User Defined stream types.

Normal Configuration	
SI Not# Stream Name Status 1 Stream1 Start	Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPLS IP UDP PayLoad Tx Parameters Rx Parameters Delay Measurements Periodic Reports Impairments Stream Type Impairments Impairments Impairments Impairments Impairments File Sased Impairments Impairments Impairments Impairments Impairments File Sased File Sased Impairments Impairments Impairments Impairments File Name Impairments Impairments Impairments Impairments Impairments
Insert Add Delete Start/Stop	
Configuration Start	Traffic Generation Mode Resolved Status Apply Stream Parameters IFG (IFG value will be used)

Figure: Stream Type Selection

Stream Type (Contd.)

File Based Stream Type (Tx Only)

This option allows users to specify a source file for the stream, this source file can be PCAP or HDL file format. The packets are read from the specified file and the packets are transmitted sequentially. User has option to transmit the file continuously or stop at the end of file or after N number of frames or after specified duration in seconds.

In File based option the default mode is set to Tx and all the other configurations will be disabled as it is not required in File Based option. Select the HDL or PCAP file format as recorded and choose the file name to transmit the traffic.

Normal Configuration	
SINo# Stream Name Status SINo# Stream1 Start	Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPLS IP UDP PayLoad Tx Parameters Rx Parameters Delay Measurements Periodic Reports Impairments
	Stream Type Type File Based File Type HDL File Name [C:VProgram Files (x86):\GL Communication []]
Insert Add Delete Start/Stop Default Stream Configuration Start	Traffic Generation Mode

Figure: File Based Stream Type

Normal Configuration	
SINo# Stream Name Status	Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPLS IP UDP PayLoad Tx Parameters Rx Parameters Delay Measurements Periodic Reports Impairments
	Frame Size Zero Padding
Insert Add Delete Start/Stop Default Stream Configuration Start	Image: Max Frame Len 14 Max Frame Len 8996 Traffic Generation Mode Frame Len Resolved Status Image: Stream Parameters Frame Len Resolved Status Image: Fig (Fig value will be used) Frame Len Apply Stream Parameters

Figure: File Based Tx Configuration window

User Defined Stream Type

This option allows users to define the stream parameters such as Layer, Ethernet/IP/UDP Headers, Frame Size, Rate, Payload etc. and the PacketCheck[™] generates/analyzes the stream traffic as per these parameters.

User defined option enables Tx and Rx modes configurations for conducting BER testing across different layers. These layers include Layer 1 (Framed Layer 1), Layer 2 (Framed Ethernet), Layer 2.5 (Stacked MPLS), Stacked VLAN, IP, and UDP.

Normal Configuration	
SI No# Stream Name Status	Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPLS IP UDP PayLoad Tx Parameters Rx Parameters Delay Measurements Periodic Reports Impairments
	Stream Type Type User Defined File Based File Type HDL File Name
Insert Add Delete Start/Stop Default Stream Configuration Start	□ Traffic Generation Mode
	Resolved Status Apply Stream Parameters C IFG (IFG value will be used)

Figure: User Defined Stream Type

Traffic Generation Modes

PacketCheck[™] can transmit data in 2 modes - Burst Mode and IFG (Inter Frame Gap) Mode.

In **Burst** mode, traffic is generated in bursts, while maintaining the user defined bandwidth. In **IFG** mode, traffic is generated constantly, while maintaining the user defined Inter Frame Gap. Improved IFG supports up to 5 msec accuracy on high end systems.

Traffic Generation Mode	Resolved Status	Apply Stream Parameters
 Burst (Rate value will be used) 		Apply Stream Farameters
C IFG (IFG value will be used)		
	_	

Figure: Traffic Generation Mode

Parameter Configuration

PacketCheck[™] generates full duplex multi stream traffic on any of the four layers with on demand bandwidth. Some key parameters include - Layer/Direction selection, Layer 2 MAC with Stacked VLAN settings, Layer 2.5 Stacked MPLS settings, Layer 3 IP settings, Layer 4 UDP settings, Stream Payload, Tx and Rx Parameter Settings, RTD and OWD (µsecs), and various impairments settings.

Norma	al Configuration												
SI No#		Status	Stream Type	Layer/Dir	MAC N	IPLS IP	UDP	PayLoad	Tx Parameters	Rx Parameters	Delay Measurements	Periodic Reports	Impairments
1 2 3	Stream1 Stream2 Stream3	Start Start Start		IP _	- - -								
Insert Default		e Start/Stop	Traffic Generation Generatio Generation Generation Generation Generation Generation Gene	ation Mode -	be used)	Resolved	f Status	Apply Stre	eam Parameters]			

Figure: Stream 1 Configuration

Payload

Users can choose to insert two types of payload into the stream like PRBS patterns (through pre-defined files) and user-defined fixed patterns of up to 24 bytes.

Option is provided to insert Sequence number to the payload to identify Lost/Out-of-order packets and to insert Magic pattern to uniquely identify test packets.

Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPLS IP UDP PayLoad	Tx Parameters Rx Parameters Delay Measurements Periodic Reports Impairments
Source Fixed Pattern Fixed Pattern PRBS Pattern PRBS Pattern Image: Control of the pattern 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	✓ Enable Sequence Number
	Enable Payload Length

Figure: Payload Configuration

Delay Measurements

PacketCheck[™] can be configured to measure **One-Way Delay (OWD)** within the same PC, calculating the delay at the receiving end in µsec. Also, measures the average **Round Trip Delay (RTD)** value of each packet in µsec. User can set Tx OWD Frame Length to Minimum, Maximum or Average (Ranges from 40 to 8996). Also User can define the frame length as required.

Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC M	PLS IP UDP PayLoad Tx Parameters Rx Parameters Delay Measurements Periodic Reports Impairments
Measurement Type None None Round Trip Dela One Way Delay Enable KS	
Traffic Generation Mode Burst (Rate value will be used) IFG (IFG value will be used)	Resolved Status Apply Stream Parameters

Figure: Delay Measurement Configuration

Layer Configuration MAC, Stacked VLAN, IP, MPLS, UDP Parameters

[Layer 2] - Ethernet

Configure with source and destination MAC Addresses (6 byte hex format). The source address can be automatically fetched from the PacketCheck[™] application, while the destination MAC address can be obtained using 'Resolve IP to MAC' feature. In addition, user can specify the EtherType field value.

Stacked VLAN

Option to enable or disable VLAN. If enabled, can select from 1 to 3 levels, numbered VLAN #1, VLAN #2 and VLAN #3. For each VLAN tag, user can specify the VLAN Type Field (user can only select from fixed values, as this field has only few fixed values), specify the VLAN Id and Priority.

Stream Type Layer/Dir	MAC MPLS IP	UDP PayLoad	Tx Parameters Rx	Parameters	Delay Measurements	Periodic Report	s Impairments
Layer 2			VLAN Enable				
Source MAC Addr	fc-aa-14-9c-bf-99	Use I/F Addr	VLAN 1	v			
Destination MAC Addr	fc-aa-14-9c-bf-9b	Resolve	VLAN#1 Type 81	1-00 👻	ID 0	Priority	0
EtherType	00-00	User defined	VLAN#2 Type 88	B-A8 👻	ID 0	Priority	0
			VLAN#3 Type 91	1-00 👻	ID 0	Priority	0

Figure: MAC Configuration

[Layer2.5] - MPLS

Configure Layer 2.5 - MPLS parameters upto 3 stacks with MPLS headers Label, CoS, and TTL. If MPLS layer is enabled for the testing, IP is enabled by default. This is because PacketCheck[™] does not support MPLS/None, only MPLS/IP is possible.

Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPLS IP	UDP PayLoad Tx Parameters Rx Parameters Delay Measurements Perio	dic Reports Impairments
MPLS Stack 3		
MPLS #1		
Label 564564 CoS 1	TTL 128	
MPLS #2	MPLS #3	
Label 768768 CoS 5	TTL 128 Label 534534 CoS 7 TTL 128	j

Figure: MPLS Configuration

[Layer 3] - IP

Users can define source and destination IP addresses, configure various IP header fields like TOS field, TTL field and protocol fields. "Build MAC Header Automatically" option helps user to easily obtain MAC addresses while performing Layer 3/Layer 4 testing. If enabled, the Identification field within the IP header is incremented for every IP packet sent out.

Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPLS IP UDP PayLoad Te	x Parameters Rx Parameters Delay Measurements Periodic Reports Impairments
Source	Destination
Source IP Address 192 . 168 . 1 . 112 Use I/F Address	Destination IP addresss 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 Ping Initial Value
Subnet Mask 255 . 255 . 255 . 0	Default Gateway 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 Enable
IP Spoofing	TOS/DS 00 TTL 128 Protocol 17
Enable Start 0 End 0	Build MAC Header Automatically

Figure: IP Configuration

[Layer 4] - UDP

Requires source and destination UDP ports to be defined for Layer 4 testing, which can also be changed as per the user's requirements.

Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPLS IP	UDP	PayLoa
Source Port 3412		
Destination Port 2345		
Configure Checksum 00 00		

Figure: UDP Configuration

Tx Rx Parameters Settings

Tx Parameter settings are applicable to Tx or Tx Rx modes. Used to configure Frame size, Bandwidth, Inter Frame Gap (IFG), and transmission stop condition parameters, frame size of fixed/random length, and with transmission rate ranging from 64bps to 500Mbps.

Rx Parameter settings allow creation of log files for each stream. The received frame details can be logged into a binary (*.bin), HDL, and also BERT files.

Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPLS IP U	IDP PayLoad Tx Parameters Rx Parameters Delay Measurements Periodic Reports Impairments						
Frame Size Frand Size Random (Min-Max) @ Increasing C Decreasing C Statistical Distribution Min [58 Max [8996 Min Frame Len [68 Max Frame Len [8996]	Zero Padding Stop Condition Frame Size Range Number of Padding Bytes Range(68 - 8996) Padding Pad upto Framesize Min Fost Padding Frame Size [120] Max [1514 Post Padding = 120 Min Tx frame size with padding = 120						
♥ butte (nace value will be used) ○ IFG [FG value will be used] Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPL ♥ Record To Binary File C:\Program f ♥ Generate Bert Log C:\Program f Record To File C None	Traffic Generation Mode Resolved Status Apply Stream Parameters © IFG (IFG value will be used) Payload Tx Parameters Delay Measurements Periodic Reports Impairments Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPLS IP UDP PayLoad Tx Parameters Delay Measurements Periodic Reports Impairments If Record To Binary File C:\Program Files (x86)\GL Communica C Continuous C Continuous Image: Control Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Multicol C: C: Program Files (x86)\GL Communications Inc.\t Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Multicol C: C: Program Files (x86)\GL Communications Inc.\t Image: Continuous Image: Continuous Image: Continuo						
Traffic Generation Mode Resolved Status Apply Stream Parameters IFG (IFG value will be used)							

Figure: Tx and Rx Parameter Configuration

Default Stream

All incoming Ethernet frames not belonging to any of the user defined streams are treated as default stream. Statistics for the default stream are displayed, and users can start/stop the default stream at anytime. By recording the default stream traffic to a PCAP or HDL file, users can open the file in Wireshark[®] or PacketScan[™] and quickly check the non-test traffic.

Provides options to record the traffic continuously, specified duration or with the specified number of frames in HDL or PCAP file format.

Normal Configuration	
SINo# Stream Name Status	Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPLS IP UDP PayLoad Tx Parameters Rx Parameters Delay Measurements Periodic Reports Impairments
Stream1 Start 2 Stream2 Start 3 Stream3 Start	Layer 2 Ethernet Layer 3 IP Layer 4 UDP V
Insert Add Delete Start/Stop	Default Stream Configuration X
Default Stream	Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) NIC Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: PacketCheck Statistics (Record To File) Image: Packet Check Statistics (Record To File) Image: Packet Check Statistics (Record To File) Image: Packet Check Statistics (Record To File) Image: Packet Check Statistics (Record To File) Image: Packet Check Statistics (Record To File) Image: Packet Check Statistics (Record To File) Image: Packet Check Statistics (Record To File) Image: Packet Check Statistics (Record To File) Image: Packet Check Statistics (Record To File)

Figure: Default Stream Configuration

Default Stream Statistics

For the categories 'PacketCheck', 'NIC Card', and 'Other', Tx and Rx statistics are displayed. These statistics are further classified into several subcategories.

B PacketCheck (I/F -192.16	68.1.223) - Norr	mal mode - 1.23	3														- 🗆 ×
File View Report Wind	ows Help																
Normal Configuration																	X
		_															^
SINo# Stream Name	Status	Stream Typ	e Layer/Dir N	MAC MPLS IP	UDP Payl	Load Tx Parame	eters Rx Paramet	ers Delay Measurements Periodic Rep	orts Impairments								
1	Stop																
2 3 Stream1	Stop	Stream Ty	pe														
U UNUM	5100																
		T ₃	/pe User Definer	ed 👻 be													
		F1- 0-															
		File Bat	ea														
		FileTy	pe HDL -	~													
		File Na	me														
Insert Add Del	ete Start/Sto	xp															
- Default Stream		_															
	Star 1																
Configuration	Stop	7. 11. 0									1						
			neration Mode	Besolve	ed Status App	ply Stream Parame	eters										
			Rate value will be	e useoj													
		C IFG (IF	G value will be us	used)													
																	~
Statistics															1		
Reset 🔽 Show De	efault Stream								PacketCheck Reset	NIC Reset	Other Reset						
Statistics	Stream1	Stream1	Stream1						Default Stream Statistics	PacketCheck	Tx PacketCheck Rx	NIC Tx	NIC Rx	Other Rx	Cumulative Statistics	Tx	Bx
Streamld	1	2	3						Total Frames	0	456647	59490	195556	217933	Total Frames	1571060	2378153
Stream Name									Rate	0.00 bps	0.00 bps	22.05 K	24.91 K	18.70 Kbp	Rate	2.91 Mbps	2.91 Mbps
Mode Duration	TX_RX 02:16:50	TX_RX 02:16:50	TX_RX 00:41:27						Non Test Frames IP Frames	-NA-	-NA-	-NA- 58754	-NA- 164758	-NA- 239	Non Test Frames IP Frames	0 58754	0 164997
Tx Total Frames	656494	656464	198612						UDP Frames	0	0	4860	70660	239	UDP Frames	4860	70693
Tx BERT Frames	656494	656464	198612						TCP Frames	Ŭ.	Ŭ.	53787	79051	33 206	TCP Frames	53787	79257
Tx Rate	967.99 Kbps	967.99 Kbps	967.99 Kbps						ICMP Frames	0	0	93	4	0	ICMP Frames	93	4
Tx RTD Frames	0	0	0						IGMP Frames	0	0	14	15043	0	IGMP Frames Other L4 Protocol Frames	14	15043 0
Tx OWD Frames Rx Total Frames	654756	654753	198507						Other L4 Protocol Frames ARP Request Frames	0	0	190	0	216891	ARP Request Frames	190	217428
Rx BERT Frames	654756	654753	198507						ARP Response Frames	0	0	190 537	537 177	786	ARP Response Frames	537	963
By Bate	967.97 Kbps	963.93 Kbps	967.97 Kbps						Other Frames	0	456647	9	30084	17	Other Frames	1511579	1994765
Rx RTD Frames Rx OWD Frames	0	0	0						Broadcast Frames	0	0	12	25120	217477	Broadcast Frames	12	242597
Rx 0/w/D Frames	0	0	0						Unicast Frames	0	456647	12 59449 29	86588	456	Unicast Frames	1571019	2051708
Lost Frames Out Of Order Frames	1	1	0						Multicast Frames 64 Length Frames	0	0	29	83848 39387	0 217774	Multicast Frames 64 Length Frames	29 12084	83848 257161
Pattern Error Frames	0	0	0						65_127 Length Frames	0	0	7764	73135	154	65_127 Length Frames	7764	73289
Good Frames	0	0	0						128_255 LengthFrames	0	ő	3093	9028	2	128_255 LengthFrames	3093	9030
Non Test Frames Received	0	0	0						256_511 Length Frames	0	0	1514	17782	0	256_511 Length Frames	1514	17782
Bit Error Rate	8.35E-09	1.25E-08	0.00E+00						512_1023 Length Frames		0	1087	6817	2	512 1023 Length Frames	1087	6819
Error Status	SYNC	SYNC	SYNC						1024_1518 Length Frame	\$ 0	456647	33948	49407	1	1024_1518 Length Frames		2014072
SyncLoss Count	1	1	0						> 1518 Length Frames	0	0	0	0	0	> 1518 Length Frames	0	0
Bit Error Count BTD	-NA-	12 -NA-	0 -NA-						Status	Running		Running		Running			
0WD (Average)	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-						Duration File Recording Status	02:16:56 Ide		02:16:56		02:16:56 Idle			
OWD (Min)	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-						File Neculury Status	Tule		lue		TURE			
OWD (Max)	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-														
IP Checksum Error Frames	0	0	0														
UDP Checksum Error Frames	0	0	0														
Zero UDP Checksum Frames	0	0	0						-				_	_	1		
HDL/PCAP File Recording	Ide	lde Ide	Ide														
Binary File Recording Status	lde	Ide	Ide														
Ready																	NUM

Figure: Default Stream Statistics

Periodic Reports

The Periodic Reports feature allows users to generate test reports in CSV and XML formats for selected streams during live testing. Users can customize the reporting frequency for each stream, ensuring timely insights and detailed analysis.

Normal Configuration	
SINo# Stream Name Status	Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPLS IP UDP PayLoad Tx Parameters Rx Parameters Delay Measurements Periodic Reports Impairments
1 Stream1 Start 2 Stream2 Start 3 Stream3 Start	Periodic Reporting Report Type XML Report Filename XML CSV Periodicity 5
Insert Add Delete Start/Stop	Traffic Generation Mode Resolved Status Apply Stream Parameters IFG (IFG value will be used)

Figure: Periodic Reports

Impairments

Introduce impairments into the outgoing traffic using various impairment types and duration. Supports various types of impairments – DELETE BYTES, INSERT BYTES, AND, OR, and XOR. Impairments can be introduced at specific intervals or can be set to continuous insertion on each stream.

Stream Type Layer/Dir MAC MPLS IP	UDP PayLoad Tx Paramete	ers Rx Parameters Delay I	Measurements Periodic Reports Impairments
Impairment Type INSERT BYTES	Impairment Duration C Repeat C Continuous Activate	DELETE BYTES INSERT BYTES AND OR XOR	

Figure: Impairments Configuration

The following Impairment Types are supported in PacketCheck[™]:

Delete bytes:

Deletes 'X' number of bytes at specified offset for every 'Y' packets sent out for the stream. Repeat this for limited number of times or repeat continuously.

E.g: 20 bytes being deleted from every 11th frame sent at an offset of 18 bytes which will be repeated 500 times.

Impairment Type DELETE BYTES	
Options	Impairment Duration
Byte count 20	Repeat 500
Byte Offset 18	C Continuous
Skip Before Impair 10	Activate

Figure: Delete Bytes Impairment Type

Insert bytes:

Insert 'X' number of bytes at specified offset for every 'Y' packets sent out for the stream. Repeat this for limited number of times or repeat continuously.

E.g.: "ABCD" being inserted within the frame at an offset of 14 bytes in every alternate frame, which will be repeated 500 times.

- Impairment Type - INSERT BYTES	
Options	Impairment Duration
Bytes to insert ABCD	Repeat 500
Byte Offset 14	C Continuous
Skip Before Impair 1	Activate

Figure: Insert Bytes Impairment Type

Logical AND

Modify a byte at specified offset for every 'Y' packets sent out for the stream. Modification is done by doing logical AND with the user specified Hex byte. Repeat this for limited number of times or repeat continuously.

E.g.: 56TH byte of every 17th frame being ANDed with 00 which will be repeated 20 times.

Impairment Type AND	•
Options	Impairment Duration
AND with 00	Repeat 20
Byte Offset 56	C Continuous
Skip Before Impair 16	Activate

Figure: Logical AND Impairment Type

Impairments (Contd.)

Logical OR

Modify a byte at specified offset for every 'Y' packets sent out for the stream. Modification is done by doing logical OR with the user specified Hex byte. Repeat this for limited number of times or repeat continuously.

E.g.: 21st byte of every 6th frame being ORed with FF which will be repeated continuously.

- Impairment Type - OR -	[
Options	Impairment Duration
OR with FF	C Repeat 20
Byte Offset 21	Continuous
Skip Before Impair 5	Activate

Figure: Logical OR Impairment Type

Logical XOR

Modify a byte at specified offset for every 'Y' packets sent out for the stream. Modification is done by doing logical XOR with the user specified Hex byte. Repeat this for limited number of times or repeat continuously.

E .g.: 36th byte of every 22'	^d frame being XORed with 55	which will be repeated 30 times.
--------------------------------------	--	----------------------------------

-Impairment Type - XOR	
Options	Impairment Duration
XOR with 55	Repeat 30
Byte Offset 36	C Continuous
Skip Before Impair 21	Activate

Figure: Logical XOR Impairment Type

Tx and Rx Statistics and Results

Once the test is started, users can view stream-wise statistics and common statistics for all the streams. Parameters displayed includes StreamID, Stream Name, Mode, Duration, Tx/Rx Frames, Tx/Rx Rate, Lost Frames, Out-Of-Order Frames, Pattern Error Frames, Good Frames, Non-test Frames Received, Bit Error Rate, Error Status, Sync Loss Count, Bit Error Count, RTD, OWD, UDP Checksum Statistics, and Zero Checksum UDP Packet. Common Statistics helps to monitor any extra traffic being received on the NIC. Hence, the emphasis is more on Rx parameters.

Reset 🔽 Show D	efault Stream			PacketCheck Reset	NIC Reset	Other Reset						
Statistics	Stream1	Stream1	Stream1	Default Stream Statistics	PacketCheck Tx	PacketCheck Rx	NIC Tx	NIC Rx	Other Rx	Cumulative Statistics	Тх	Bx
StreamId	1	2	3	Total Frames	0	456647	59490	195556	217933	Total Frames	1571060	2378153
Stream Name				Rate	0.00 bps	0.00 bps	22.05 K	24.91 K	18.70 Kbp	Bate	2.91 Mbps	2.91 Mbps
Mode	TX BX	TX BX	TX BX	Non Test Frames	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	Non Test Frames	0	0
Duration	02:16:50	02:16:50	00:41:27	IP Frames	0	0	58754	164758	239	IP Frames	58754	164997
Tx Total Frames	656494	656464	198612	UDP Frames	0	0	4860	70660	33	UDP Frames	4860	70693
Tx BERT Frames	656494	656464	198612	TCP Frames	0	0	53787	79051	206	TCP Frames	53787	79257
TxBate	967.99 Kbps	967.99 Kbps	967.99 Kbps	ICMP Frames	0	0	93	4	0	ICMP Frames	93	4
Tx BTD Frames	0	0	0	IGMP Frames	0	0	14	15043	0	IGMP Frames	14	15043
Tx OWD Frames	0	0	0	Other L4 Protocol Frames	0	0	0	0	0	Other L4 Protocol Frames	0	0
Bx Total Frames	654756	654753	198507	ARP Request Frames	0	0	190	537	216891	ARP Request Frames	190	217428
Bx BEBT Frames	654756	654753	198507	ARP Response Frames	0	0	537	177	786	ARP Response Frames	537	963
Rx Bate	967.97 Kbps	963.93 Kbps	967.97 Kbps	Other Frames	0	456647	9	30084	17	Other Frames	1511579	1994765
Bx BTD Frames	0	0	0	Broadcast Frames	0	0	12	25120	217477	Broadcast Frames	12	242597
Bx 0/w/D Frames	0	0	0	Unicast Frames	0	456647	59449	86588	456	Unicast Frames	1571019	2051708
Lost Frames	1	1	0	Multicast Frames	0	0	29	83848	0	Multicast Frames	29	83848
Out Of Order Frames	0	0	0	64 Length Frames	0	0	12084	39387	217774	64 Length Frames	12084	257161
Pattern Error Frames	0	0	0	65_127 Length Frames	0	0	7764	73135	154	65 127 Length Frames	7764	73289
Good Frames	0	ŏ	ŏ	128 255 LengthFrames	ů.	ů.	3093	9028	2	128 255 LengthFrames	3093	9030
Non Test Frames Beceived	0	ŏ	ŏ	256 511 Length Frames	ů.	ů.	1514	17782		256_511 Length Frames	1514	17782
Bit Error Bate	8.35E-09	1.25E-08	0.00E+00	512 1023 Length Frames	ů.	ů.	1087	6817		512_1023 Length Frames	1087	6819
Error Status	SYNC	SYNC	SYNC	1024 1518 Length Frames	ů.	456647	33948	49407	1	1024 1518 Length Frames	1545518	2014072
SyncLoss Count	1	1	0	> 1518 Length Frames	ů.	0	0	0	Ó.	> 1518 Length Frames	0	0
Bit Error Count	8	12	ŏ	Status	Bunning		Bunning		Running	> Toro Longarrianes	•	
RTD	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	Duration	02:16:56		02:16:56		02:16:56			
OWD (Average)	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	File Recording Status	Ide		Ide		Ide			
OWD (Min)	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	- to those any orange	1910		1.000		. arc			
OWD (Max)	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-						_			
IP Checksum Error Frames	0	0	0									
UDP Checksum Error Frames	0	0	ů.									
Zero UDP Checksum Frames	0	0	0									
HDL/PCAP File Recording	Ide	Ide	Ide									
Binary File Recording Status	Ide	Ide	Ide									

Figure: Statistics Results

Report Generation

PacketCheck[™] has the capability to generate report at the end of every test and also includes feature to generate periodic reports during the test. Report can be generated in PDF, and CSV format with customizable headers and footers, and an option to include test comments in the report.

Reports	×
Choose Format PDF	
Title CSV	
User Comments Generate Report	
Header PacketCheck Report	
Footer GL Communication Inc.	
Conducted by GL	
Customer Name GLComm	
Operator Name GLC	
File name C:\Program Files\GL Comm	
Save Cancel	

Figure: PacketCheck[™] Report Generation

MFR-IP-PacketCheck[™] Traffic

MFR-IP-PacketCheck™ traffic option allows IP traffic generation and reception over FR links. Multiple IP traffic streams can be generated and processed over multiple VCs created within the FR links. Each IP traffic streams can be configured to modify the IP packets with desired custom headers to emulate various protocols.

MFR-IP-PacketCheck[™] traffic is used to generate and receive IP packet streams to and from a FR router. The FR Router shall be tested for routing the received packets to the proper destination. Using GL's IP tools like PacketCheck[™] and PacketExpert[™], one can conduct end-to-end testing of the FR link through the FR router.



Figure: MFR-IP PacketCheck™

Buyer's Guide

Item No	Product Description			
ETH100	PacketCheck™			
<u>ETH200</u>	Two PacketCheck™ applications			

Note: PCs which include GL hardware/software require Intel or AMD processors for compliance.

For more information, refer to <u>PacketCheck[™] - Software Ethernet/IP Tester</u> webpage.



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